

# Implementation of 4-Bit Two Step ADC. \*

\*Note: With Thermometer Code to binary Code Converter

Jayanth Nedunuri

dept. Electronics And Communication Engineering

Jyothishmathi Institute Of Technology and Science

Karimnagar, India

jayanthsharma25@gmail.com

**Abstract**—A Two step Flash converter or Parallel, Feed-Forward ADC is separated into two complete Flash ADC with Feed-Forward circuitry. Which has a Flash ADC with Resistor string DAC along with a Sample and Hold circuit. The advantage of this architecture are that the comparators is greatly reduced from  $(2^N - 1)$  to  $2(2^{N/2} - 1)$  comparators.

**Index Terms**—Two-step ADC, Comparator, Residual Amplifier

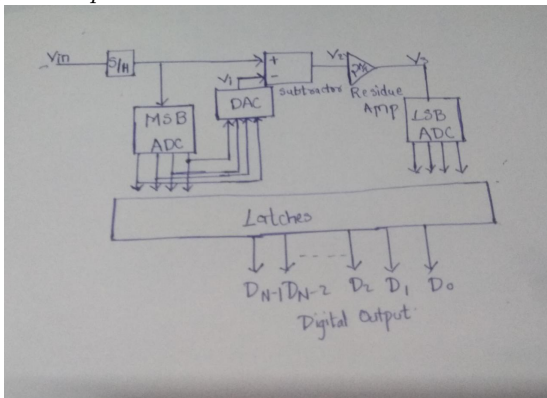
## I. INTRODUCTION

The trade-off is the conversion, while two step instead of one. The conversion process is as follows:

After the inputs is sample, the most significant bits (MSBs) are converted by the first Flash ADC.

The result is then Converted Back to an analog Voltage with the DAC and subtracted with original input.

The result of subtraction is known as Residue is then Multiplied by  $2^{N/2}$  and inputs into Second ADC.



r0.5

## II. REFERENCES

Implementation of 4-Bit Two Step Flash ADC Using 180nm Technology

CMOS Circuit Design, Layout, and Simulation. R. Jacob Baker.

