

Circuit Simulation Project

<https://esim.fossee.in/circuit-simulation-project>

Name of Participant: UTUKURI GEYARKA S NIKHILESH

Project Guide: Dr. MAHESWARI. R

Title of the Project: -

Design of 3 x 8 Decoder Using 2 x 4 decoders

Theory/Description: -

Decoder is a combinational circuit that has n input lines and maximum of 2^n output lines. One of these outputs will be active high based on the combination of inputs present, when the decoder is enabled. That means decoder detects a particular code. The binary information is passed in the form of N input lines. The output lines define the 2^n -bit code for the binary information.

In simple words, the Decoder performs the reverse operation of the Encoder. At a time, only one input line is activated for simplicity. The produced 2^n -bit output code is equivalent to the binary information.

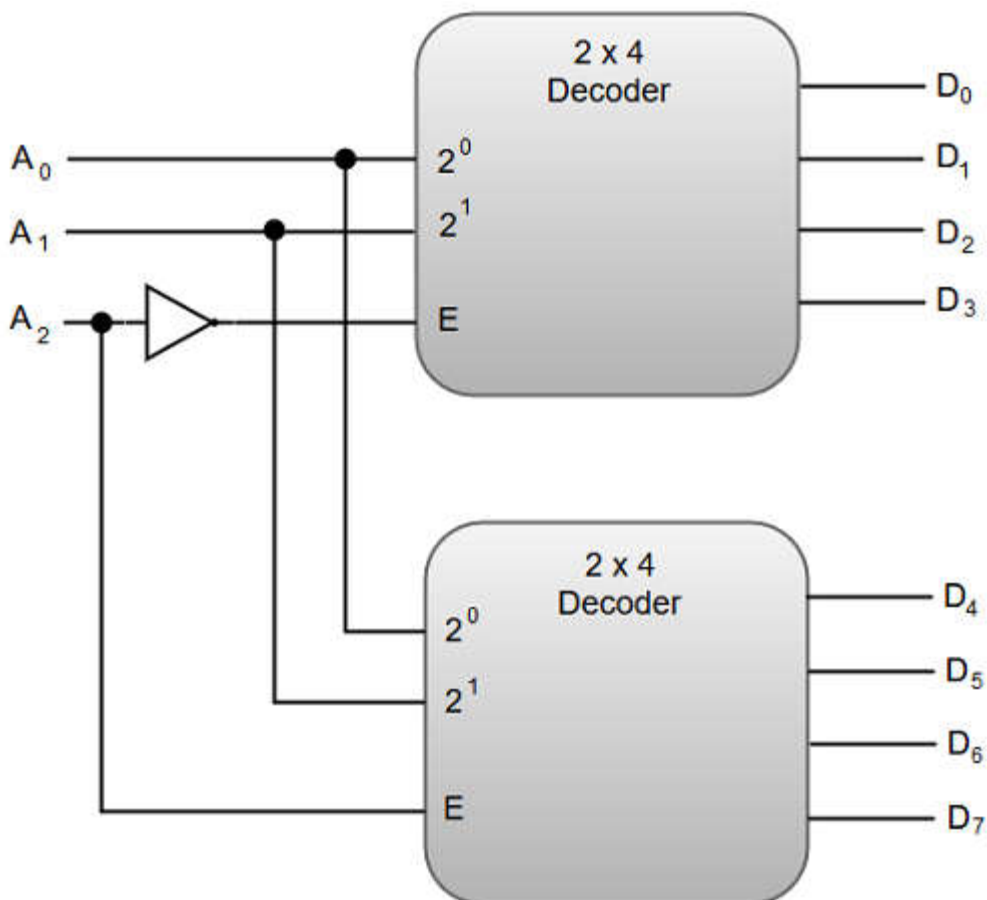
In a 3x8 decoder, there are a total of eight outputs, i.e., D0, D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6 and D7 and three inputs, i.e., A, B, and C. This 3x8 decoder can be implemented using logic gates or by using two 2x4 decoders.

Truth Table for 3 x 8 decoder circuit:

A	B	C	D0	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

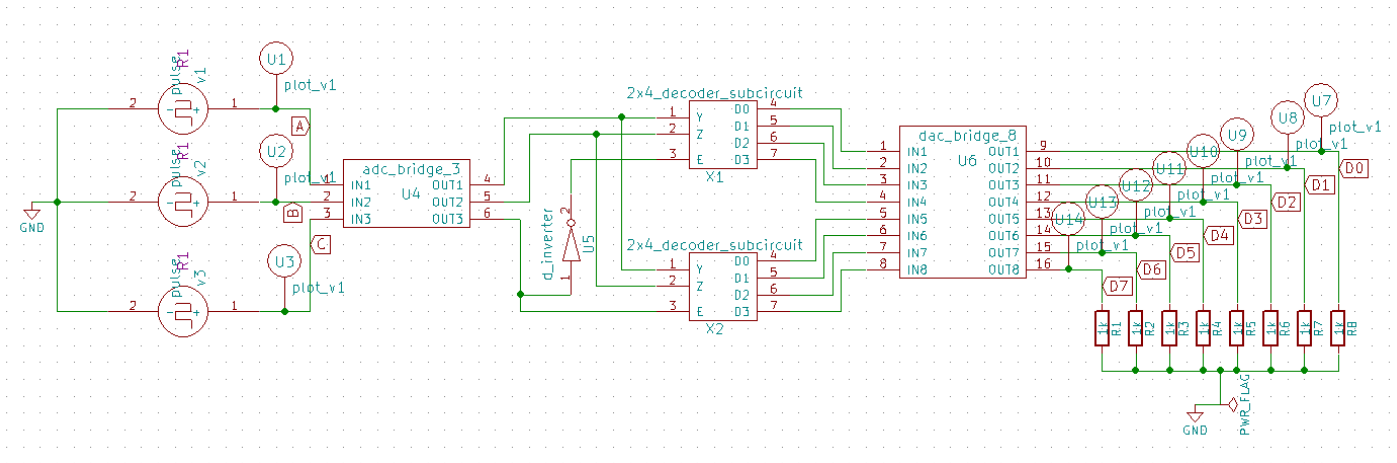
Here, A, B, C are inputs and D0, D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6, D7 are outputs.

Circuit for 3 x 8 Decoder using two 2 x 4 decoders:

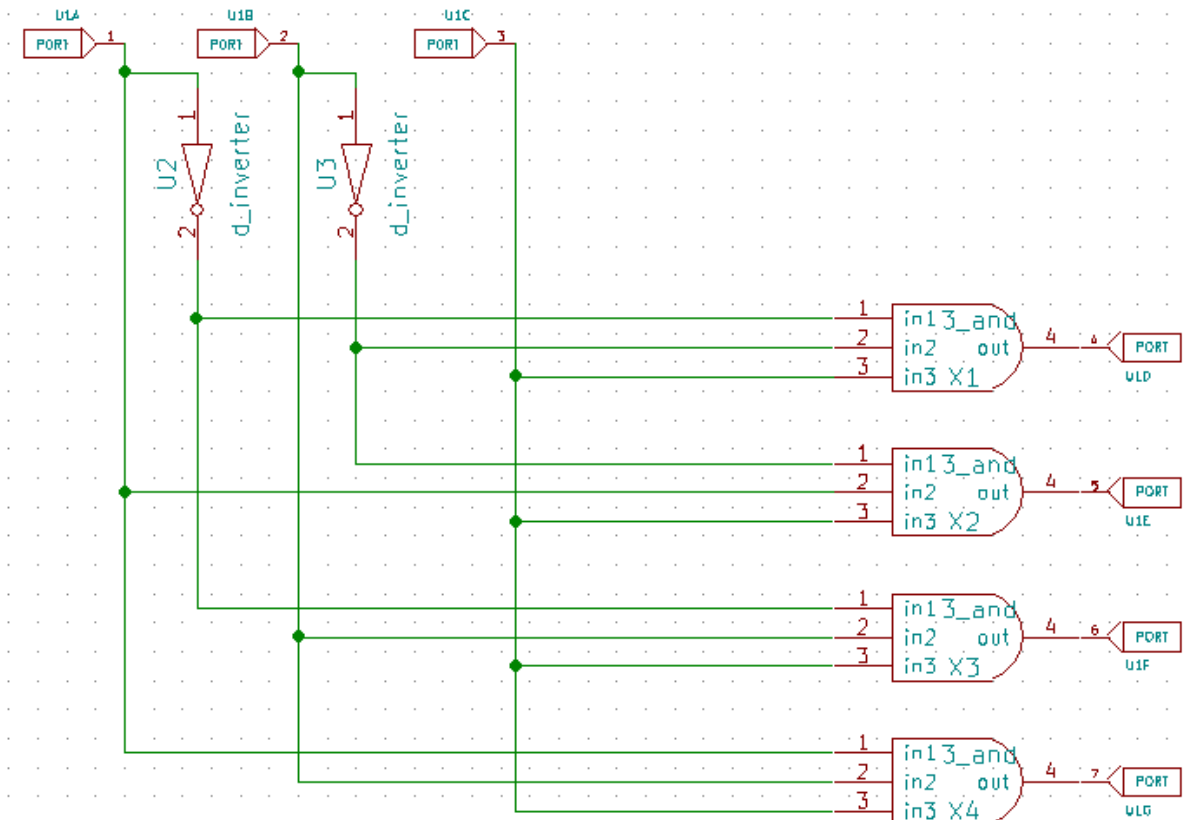


Schematic Diagram:

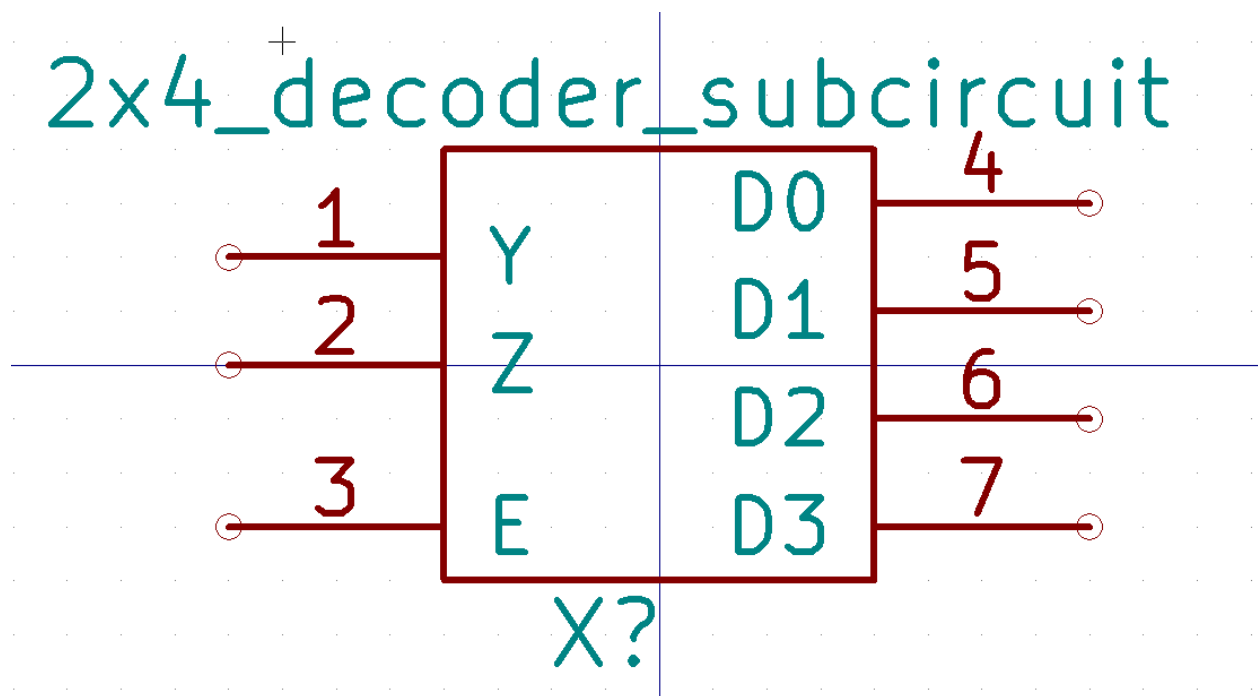
The circuit schematic for 3 x 8 decoder using 2 x 4 decoders in eSim is as shown below:



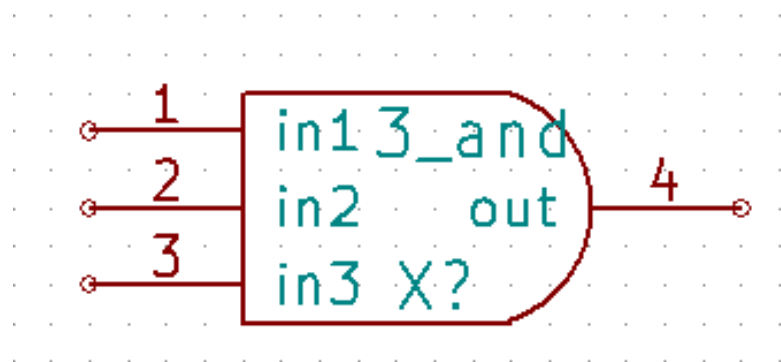
The Schematic for 2 x 4 decoder in eSim which is used as an sub-circuit is as shown below:



The Symbol for 2 x 4 decoder in eSim is as shown below:



The Symbol for 3 input and gate which is already present in eSim is as shown below:



Source details:

kicadToNgspice-2

AnalysisSource DetailsNgSpice ModelDevice ModelingSubcircuits

Add parameters for pulse source v1

Enter initial value(Volts/Amps):

0

Enter pulsed value(Volts/Amps):

5

Enter delay time (seconds):

5

Enter rise time (seconds):

0

Enter fall time (seconds):

0

Enter pulse width (seconds):

5

Enter period (seconds):

10

AnalysisSource DetailsNgSpice ModelDevice ModelingSubcircuits

Add parameters for pulse source v2

Enter initial value(Volts/Amps):

0

Enter pulsed value(Volts/Amps):

5

Enter delay time (seconds):

10

Enter rise time (seconds):

0

Enter fall time (seconds):

0

Enter pulse width (seconds):

10

Enter period (seconds):

20

Add parameters for pulse source v3

Enter initial value(Volts/Amps):

0

Enter pulsed value(Volts/Amps):

5

Enter delay time (seconds):

20

Enter rise time (seconds):

0

Enter fall time (seconds):

0

Enter pulse width (seconds):

20

Enter period (seconds):

40

Analysis:

Transient Analysis

Start Time

0

Sec

Step Time

10

ms

Stop Time

40

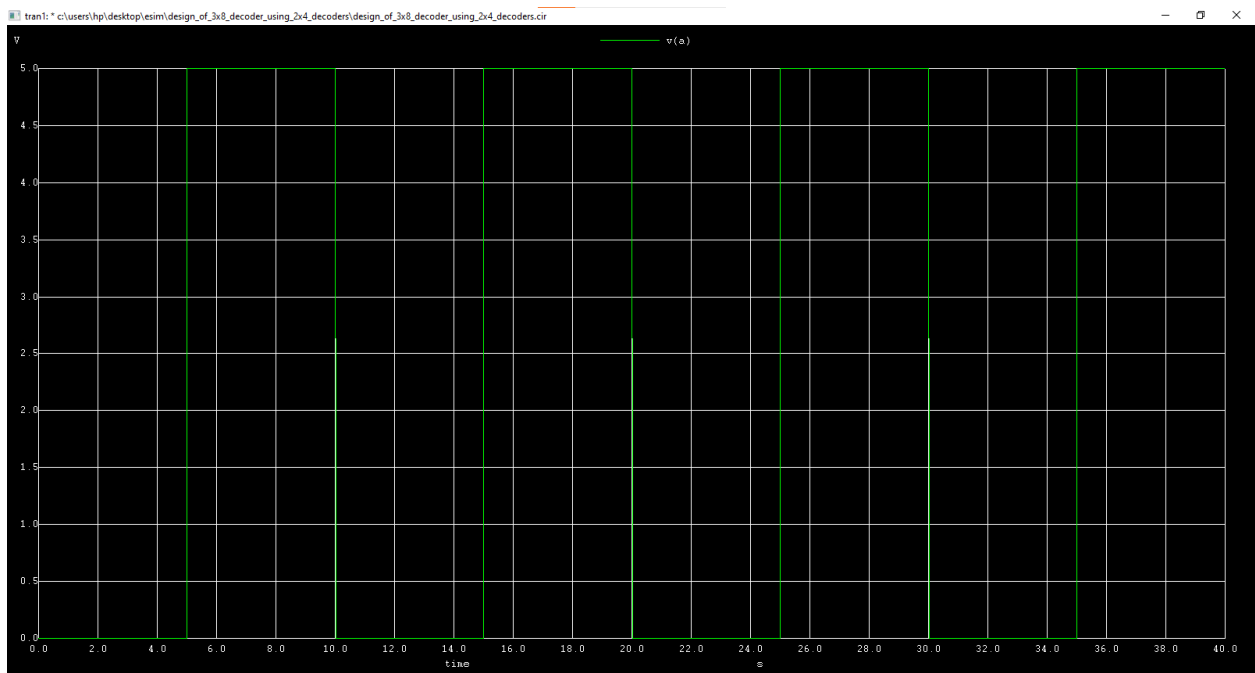
Sec

Simulation Results :

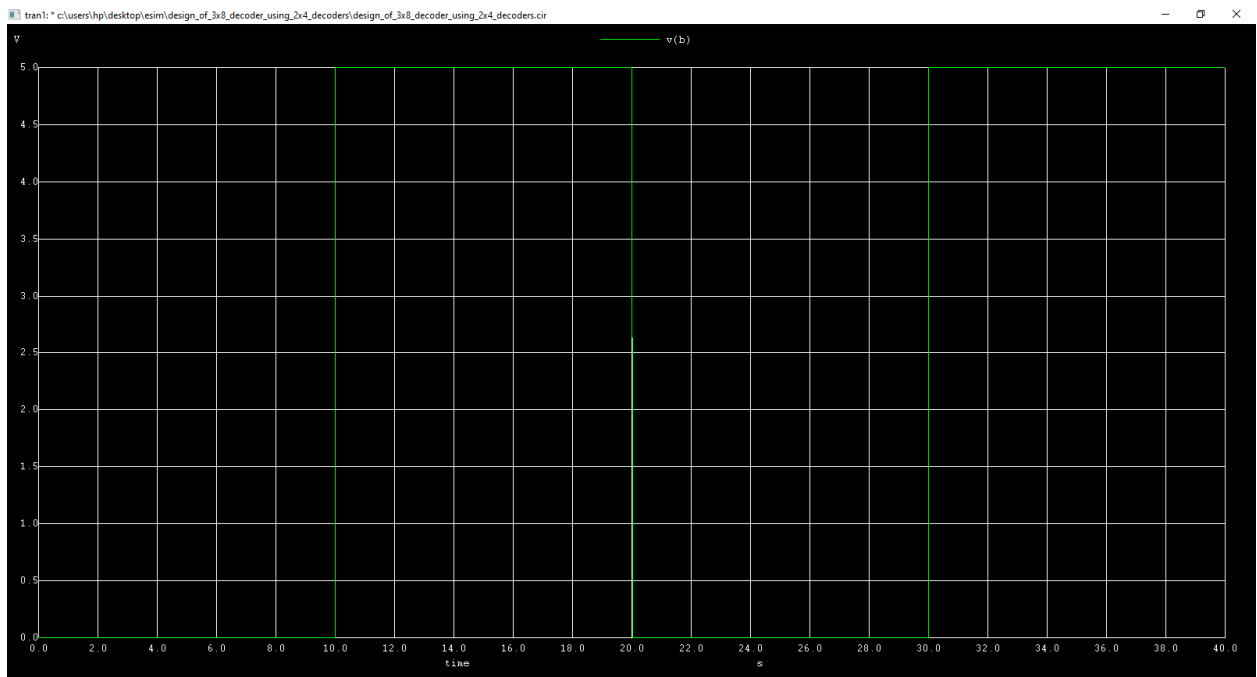
1) Ngspice plots:

Input waveforms:

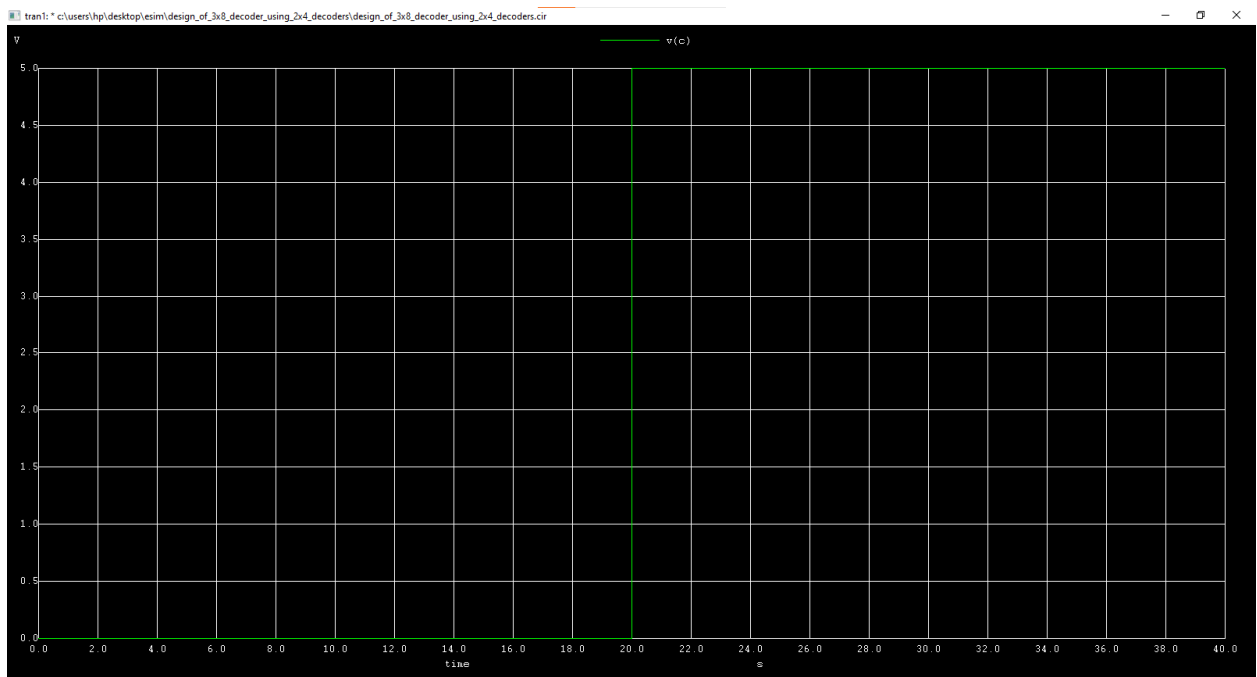
A:



B:

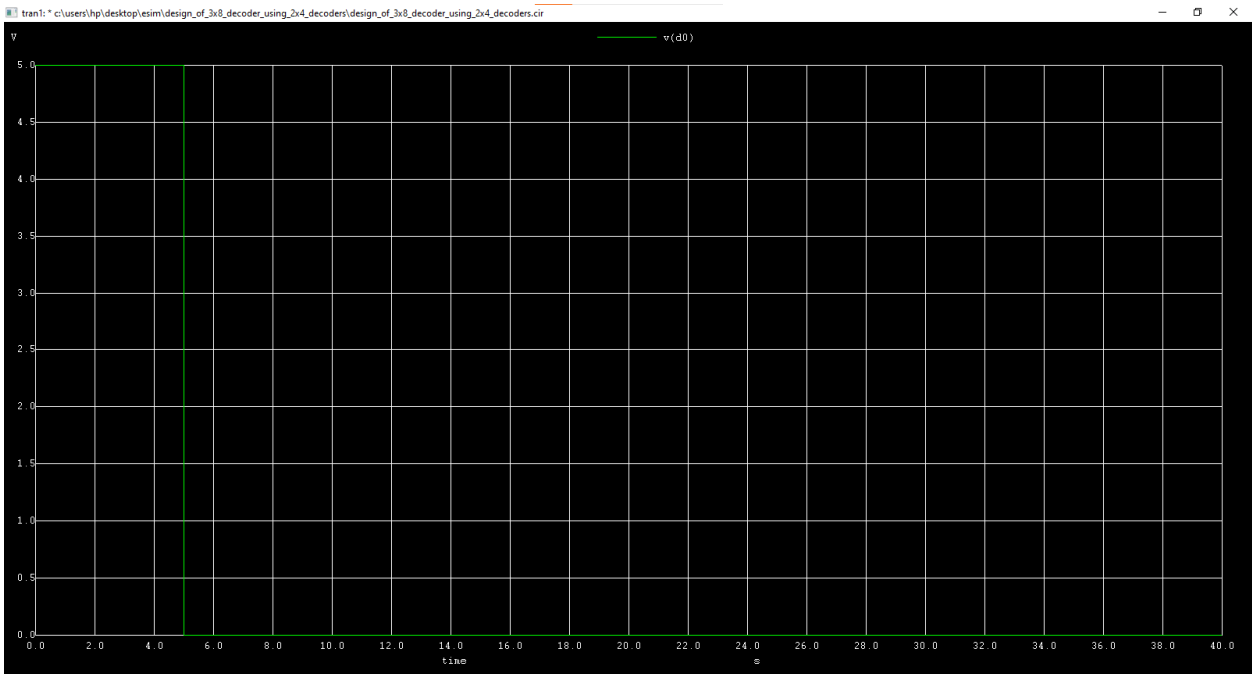


C:

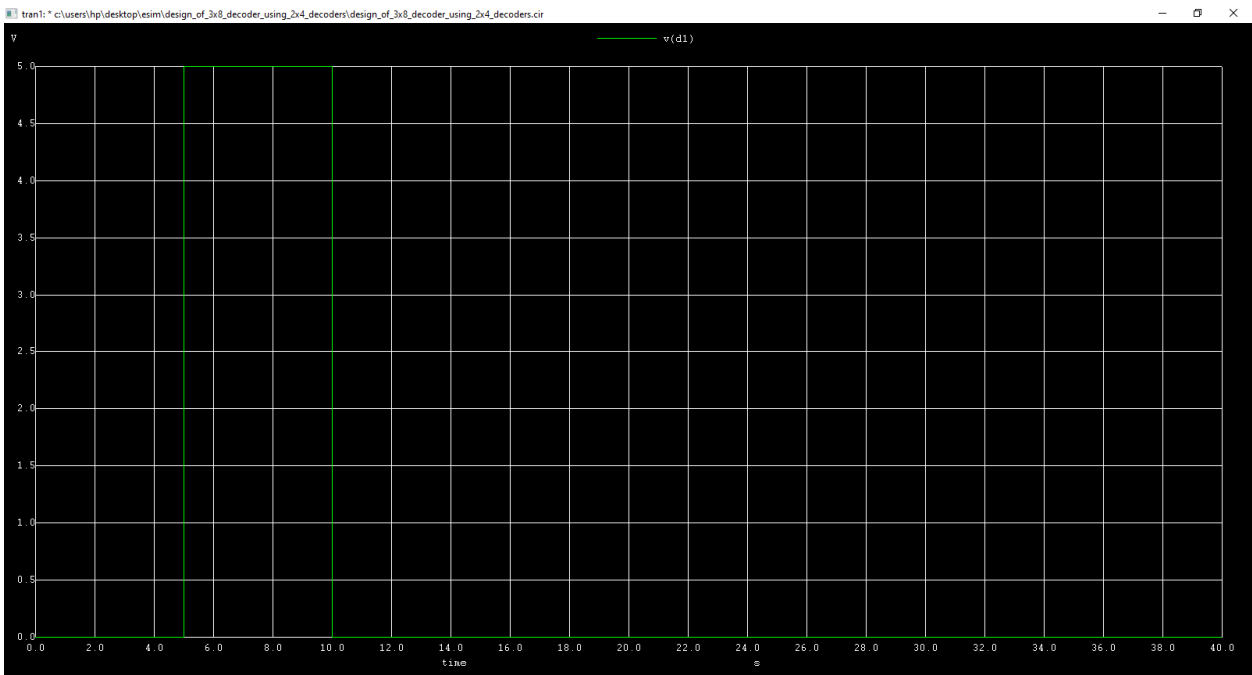


Output Waveforms:

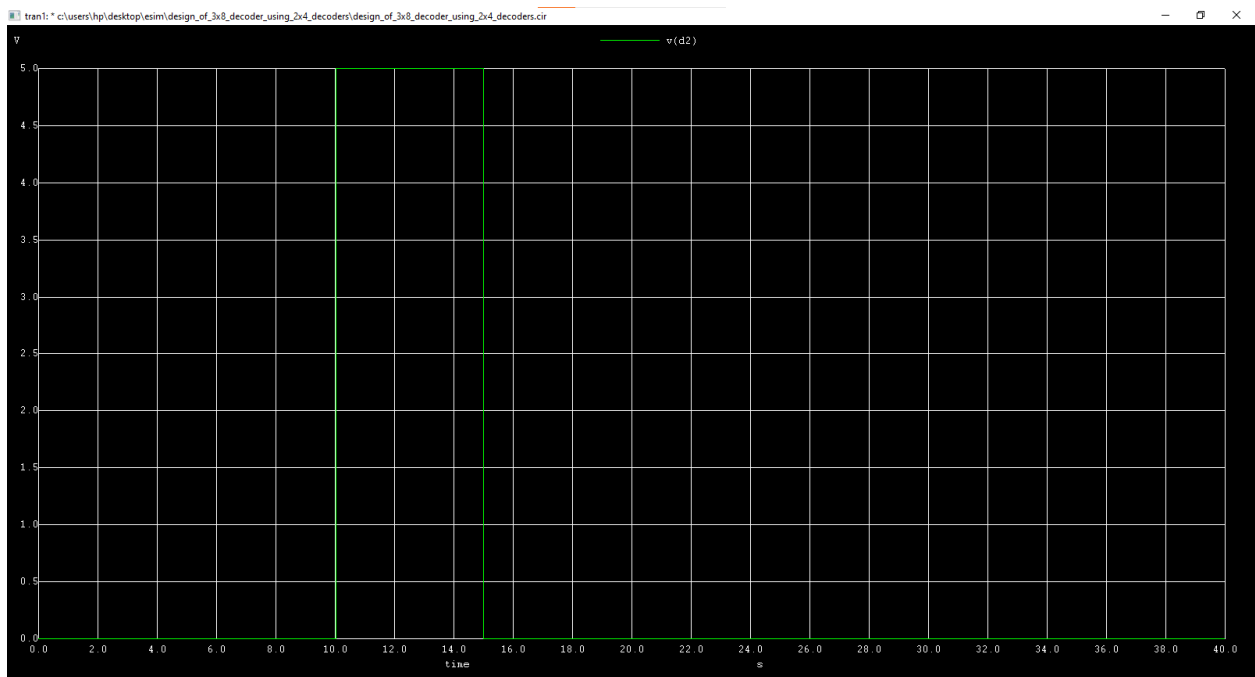
D0:



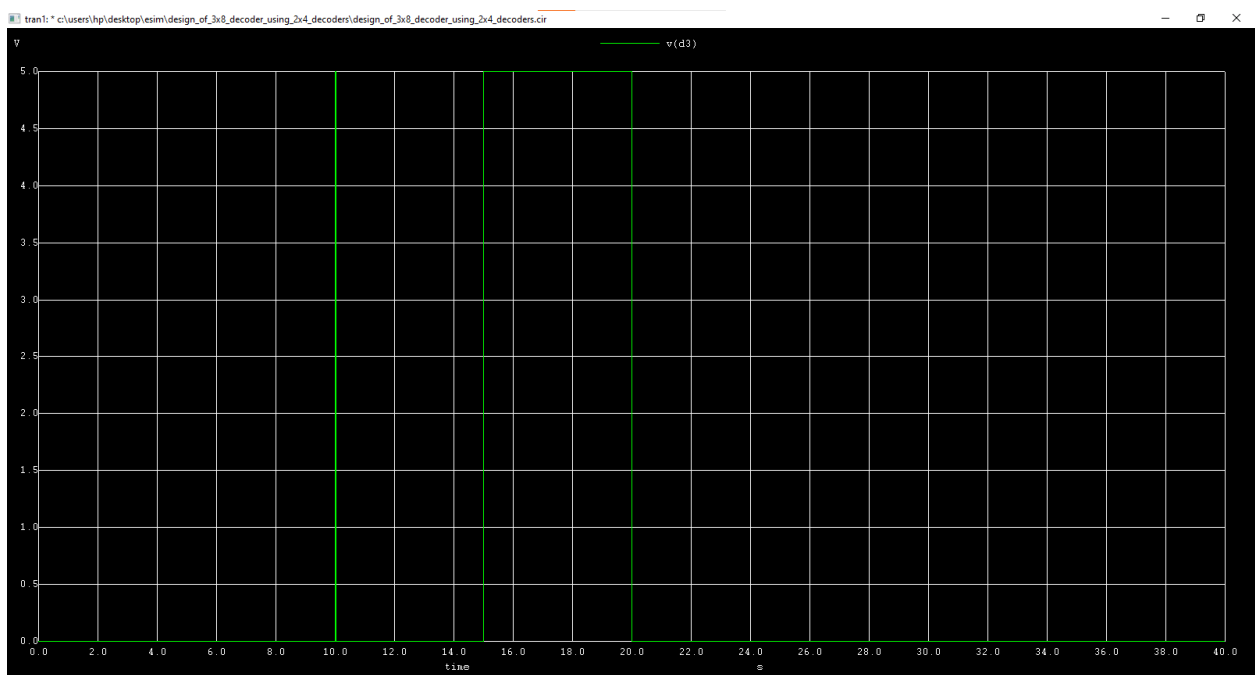
D1:



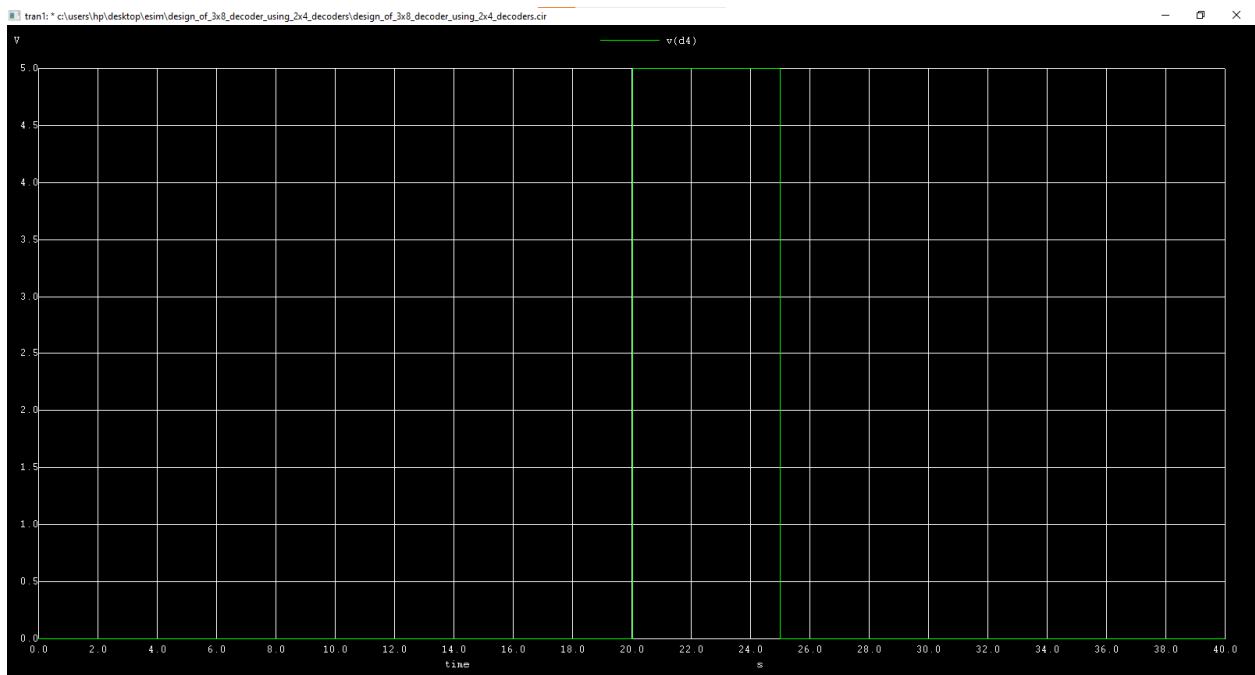
D2:



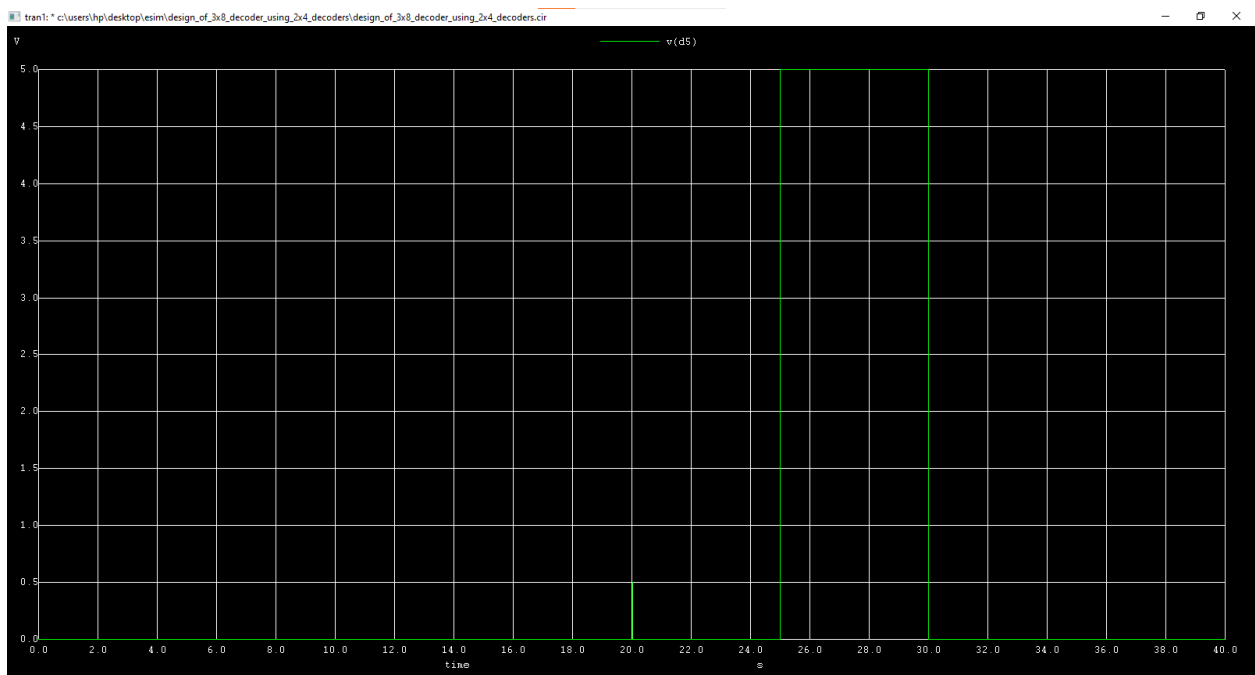
D3:



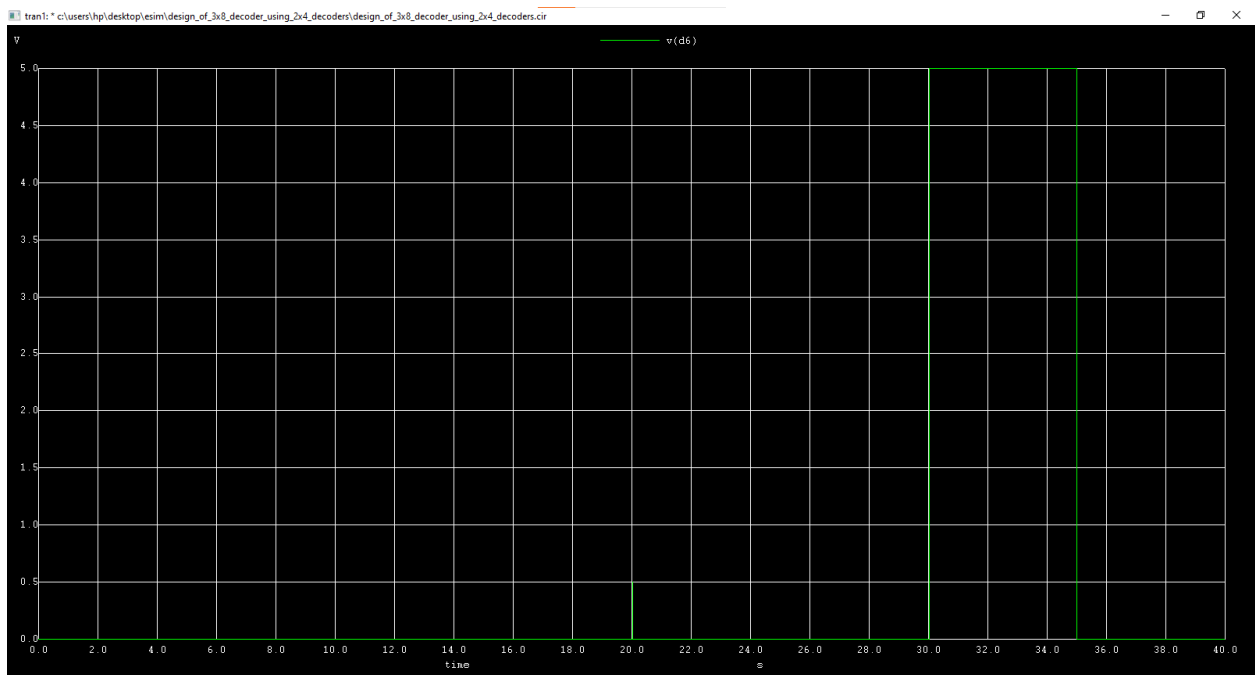
D4:



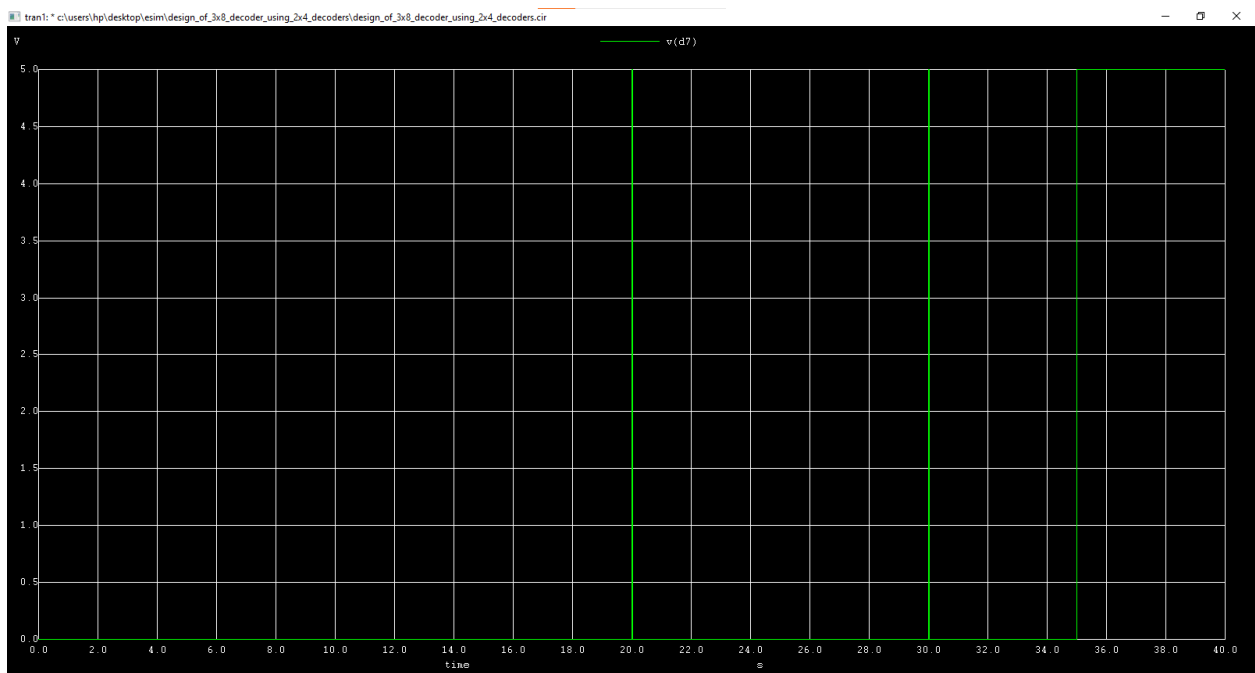
D5:



D6:



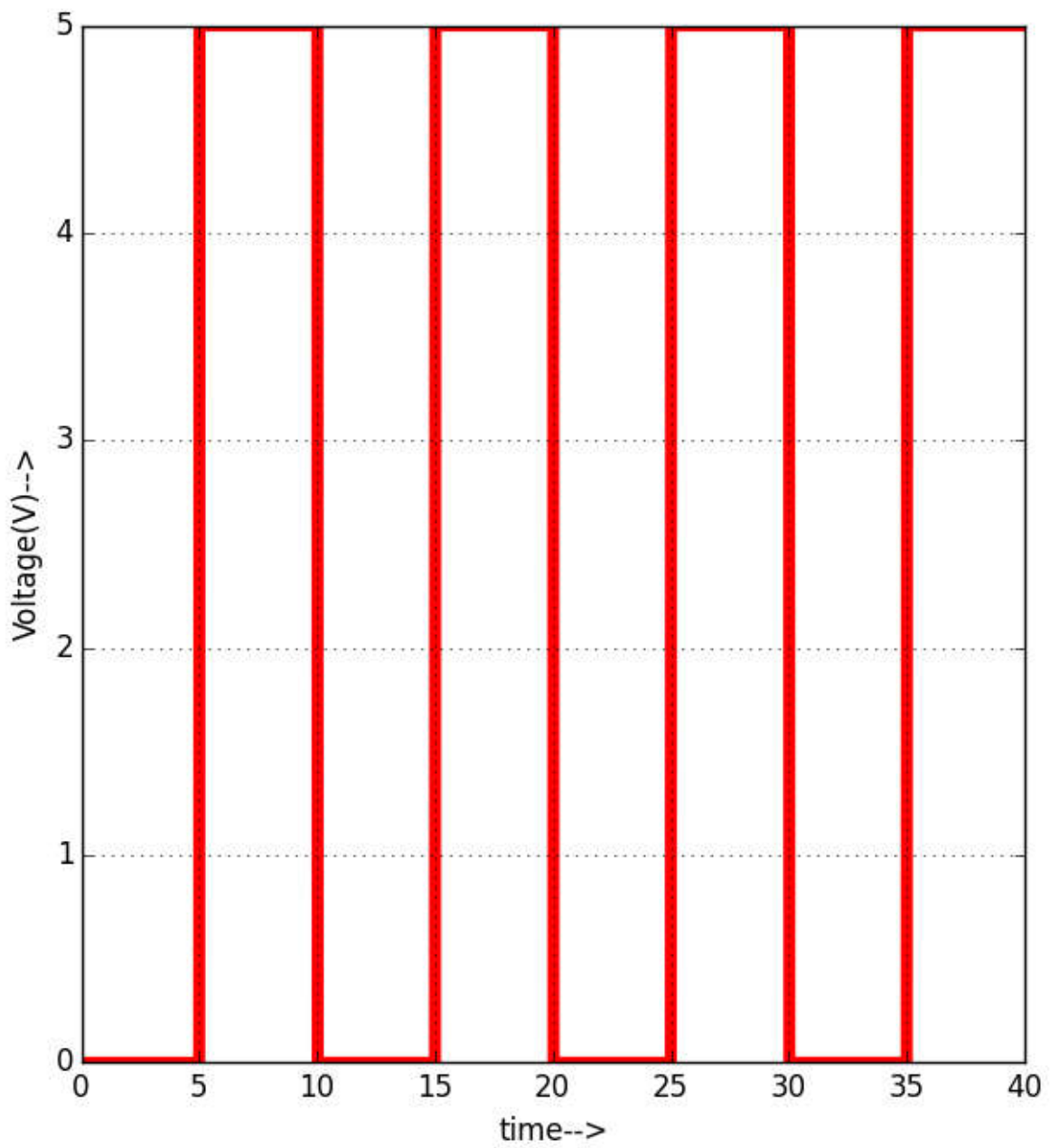
D7:



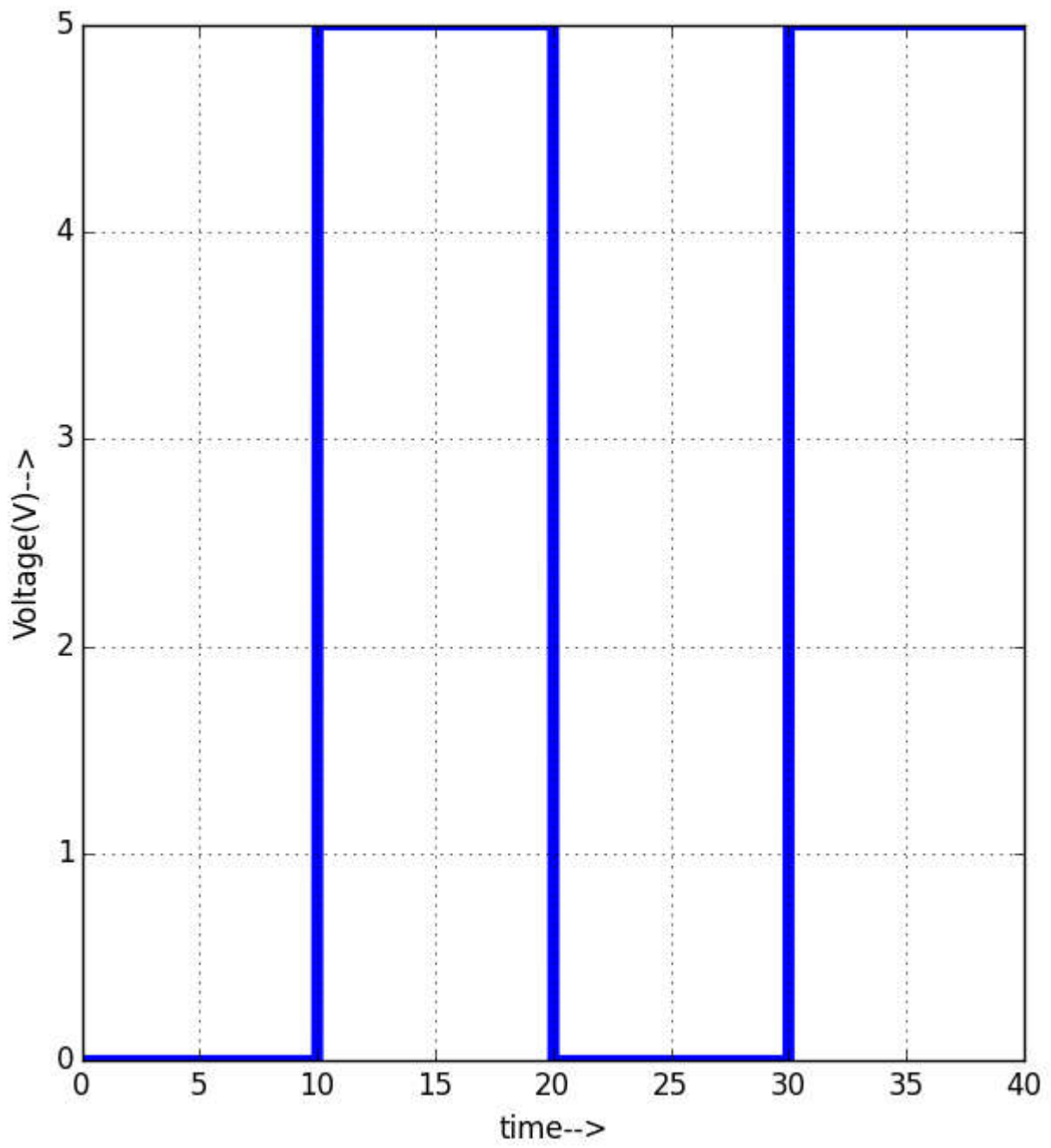
2) Python plots:

Input waveforms:

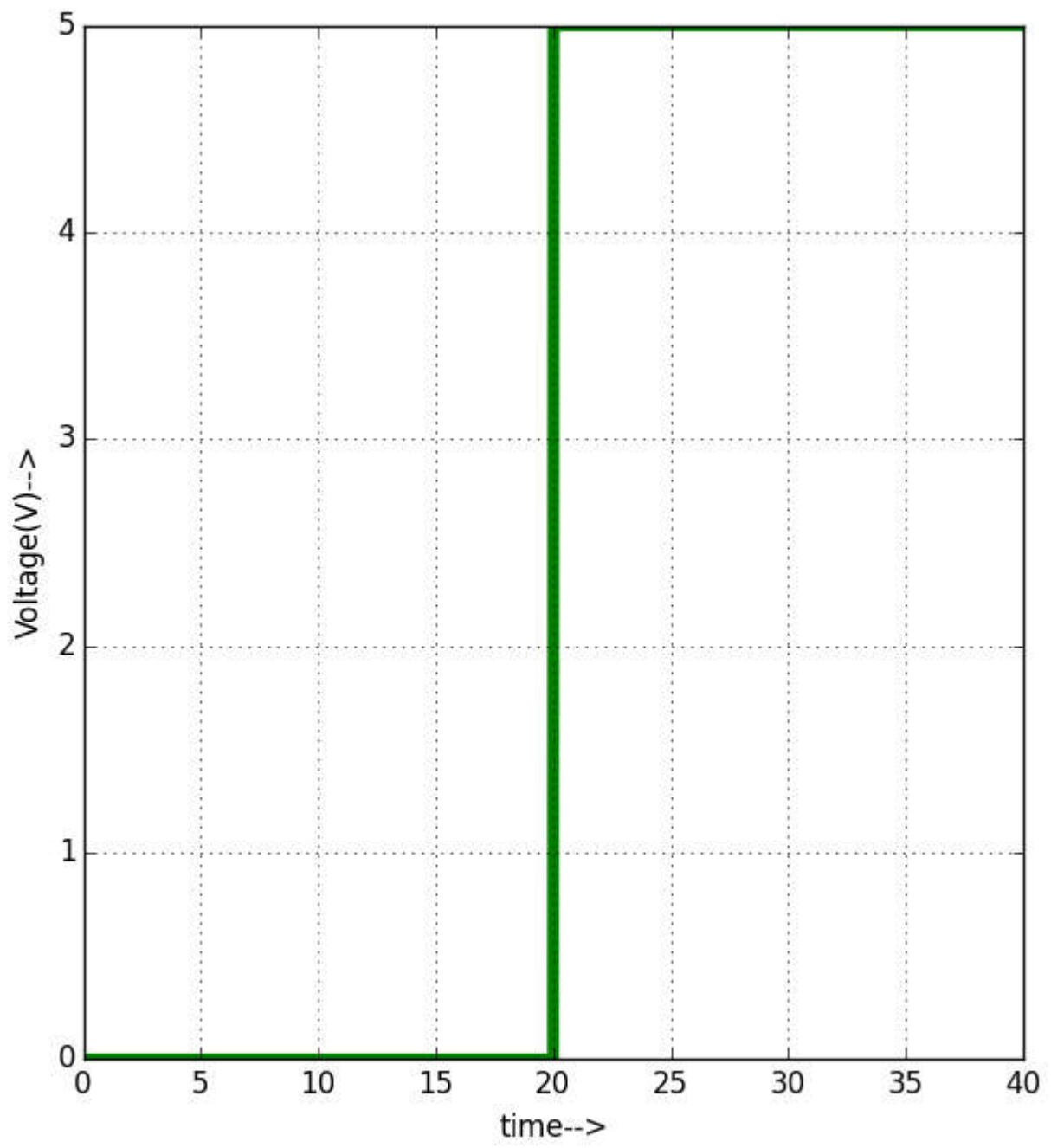
A:



B:

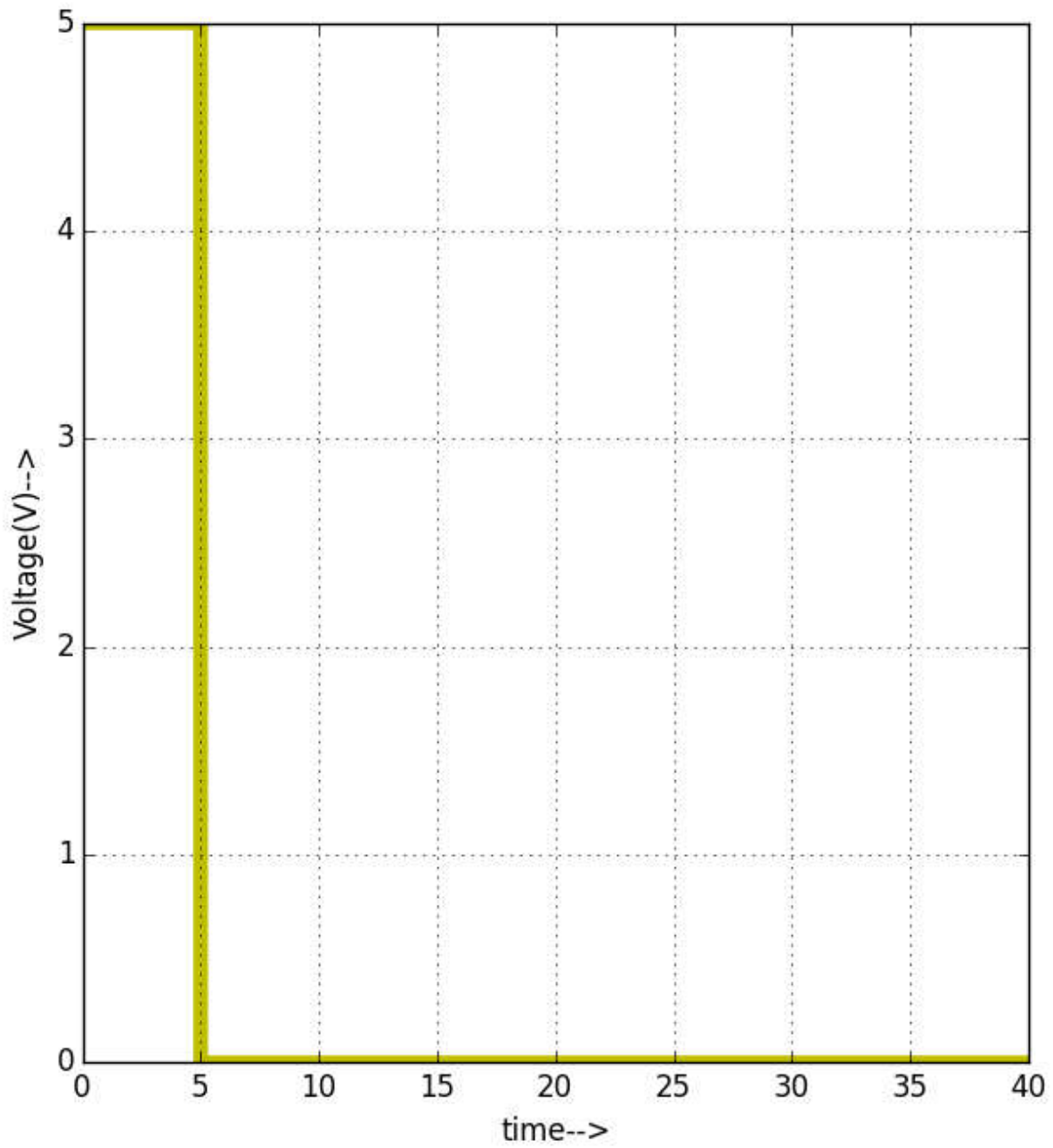


c:

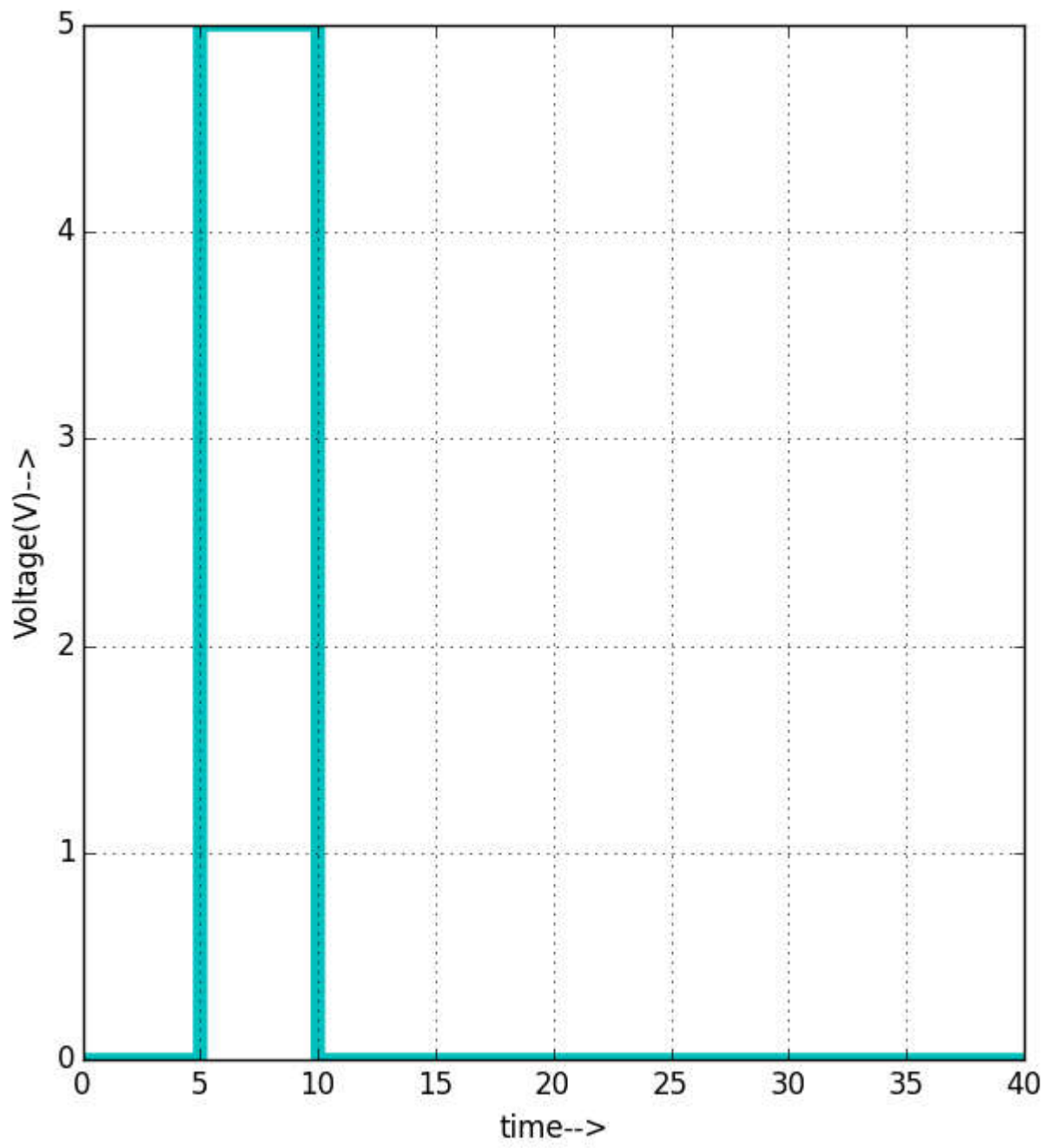


Output waveforms:

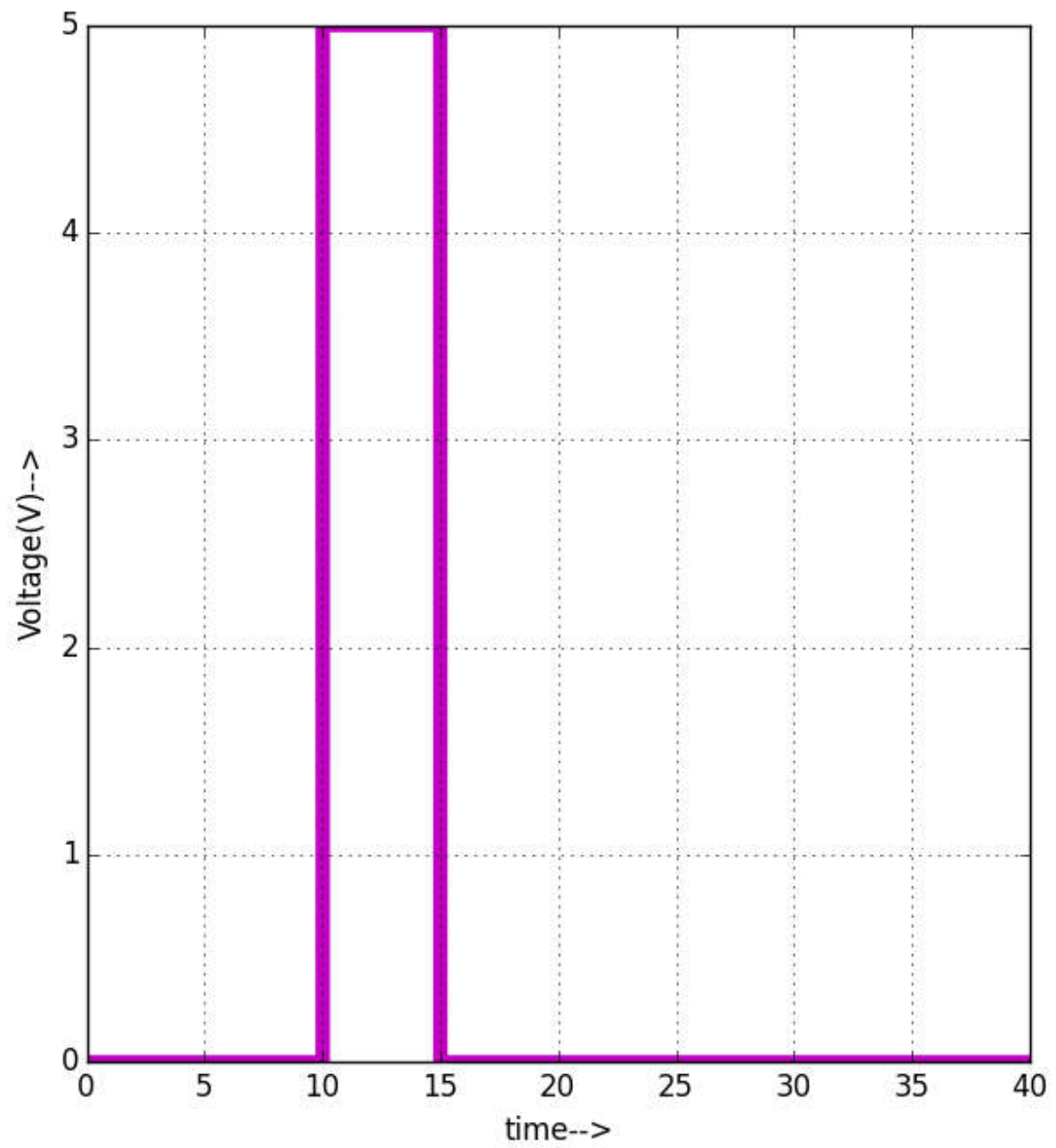
D0:



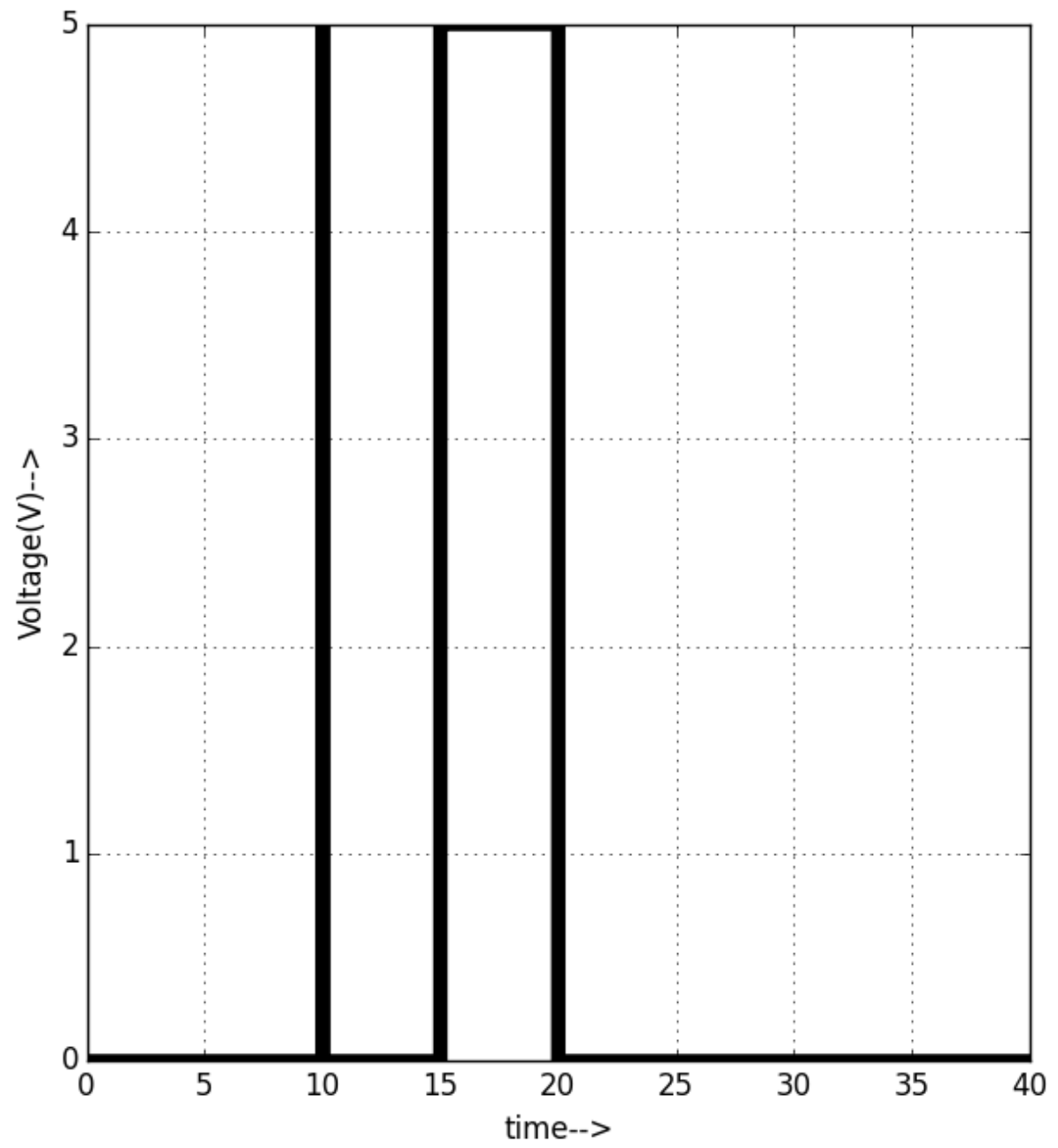
D1:



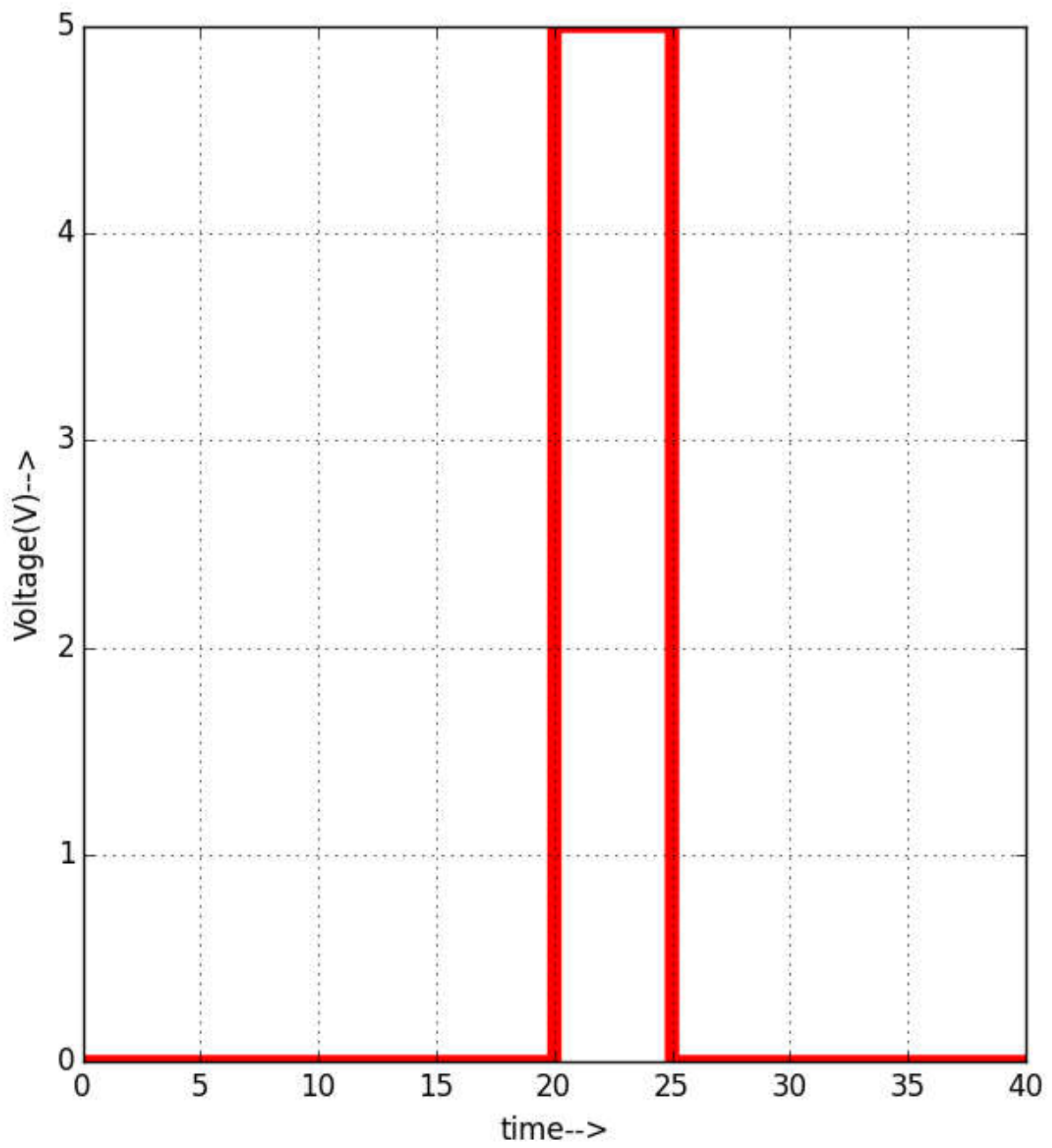
D2:



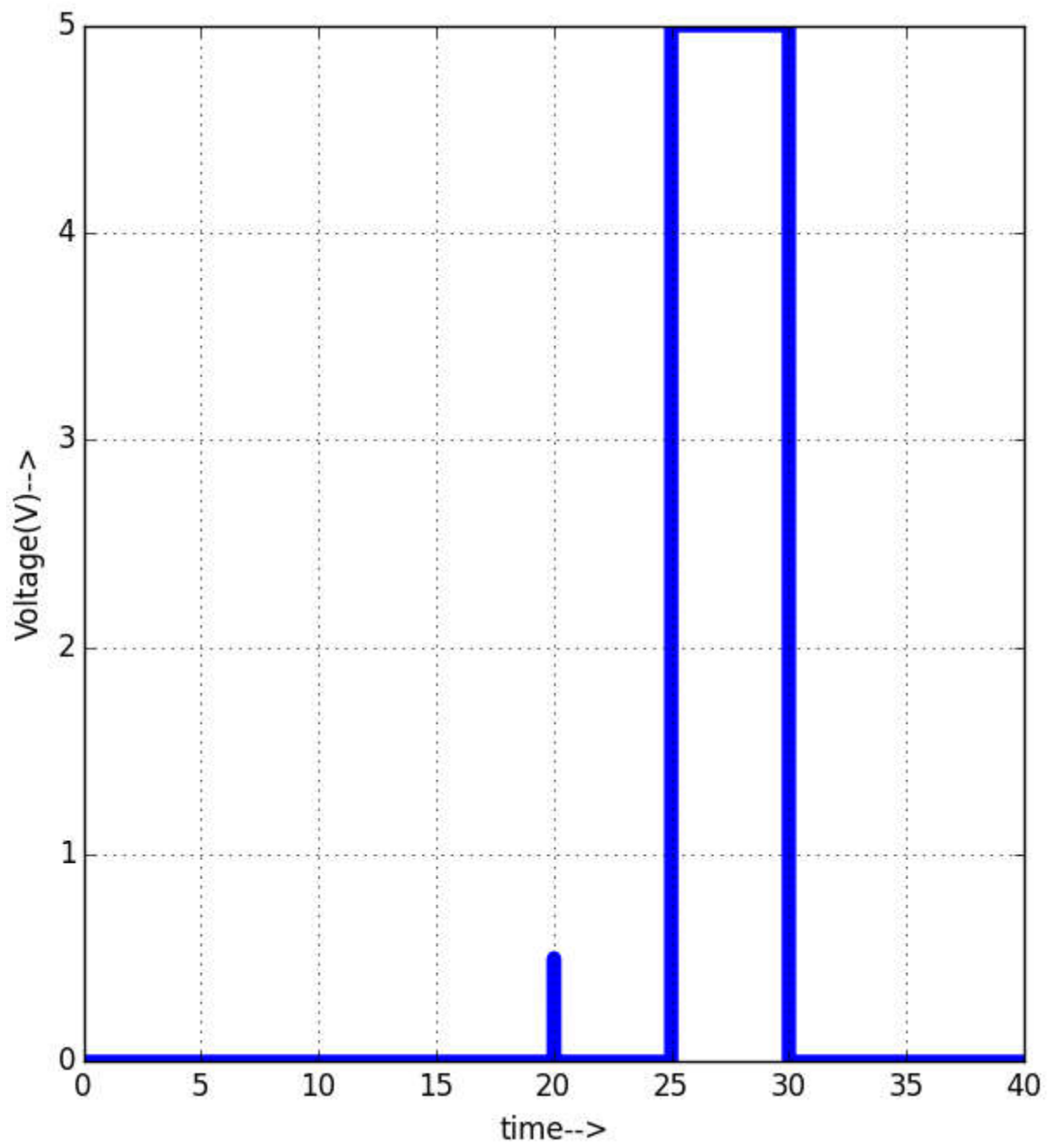
D3:



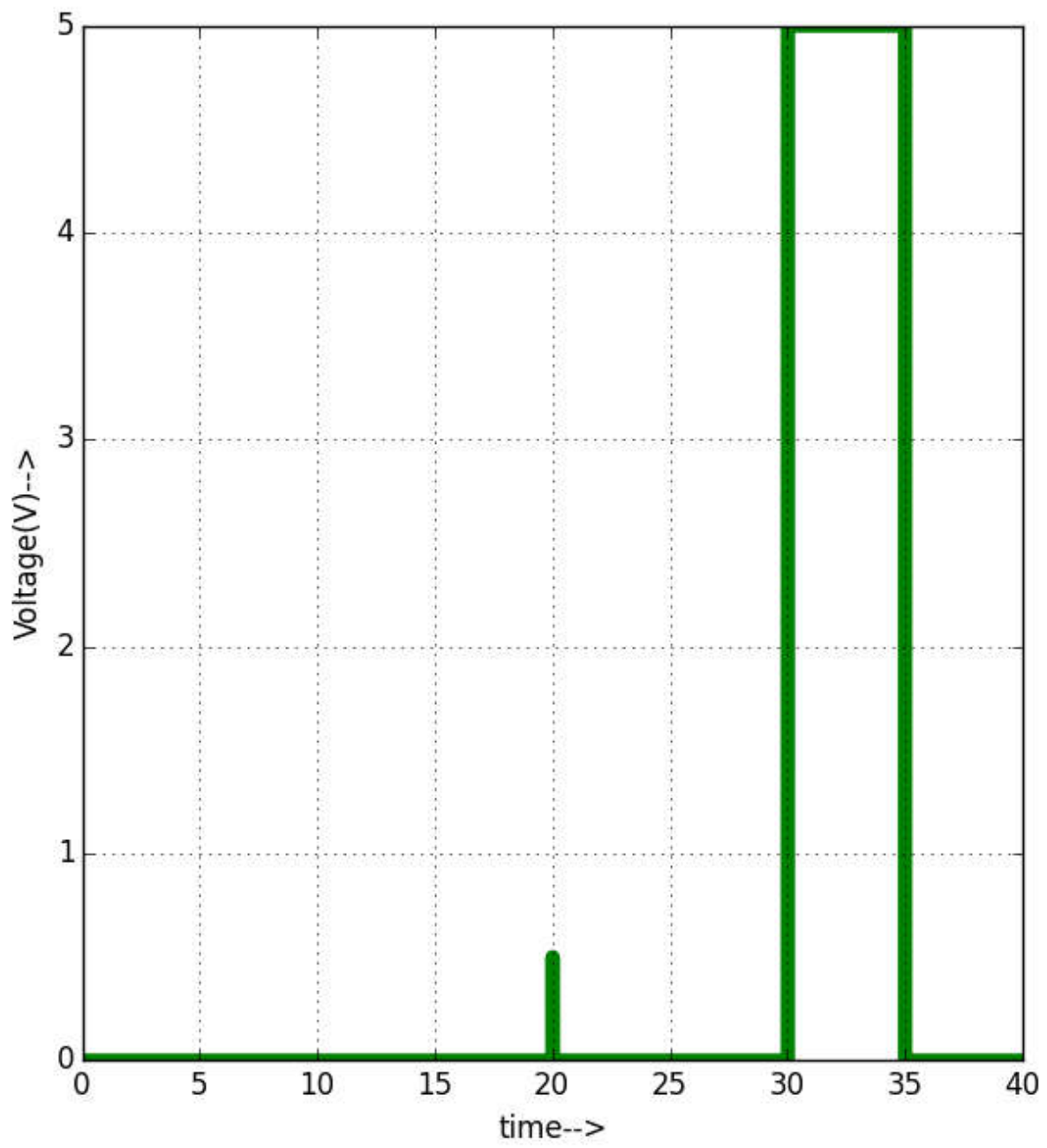
D4:



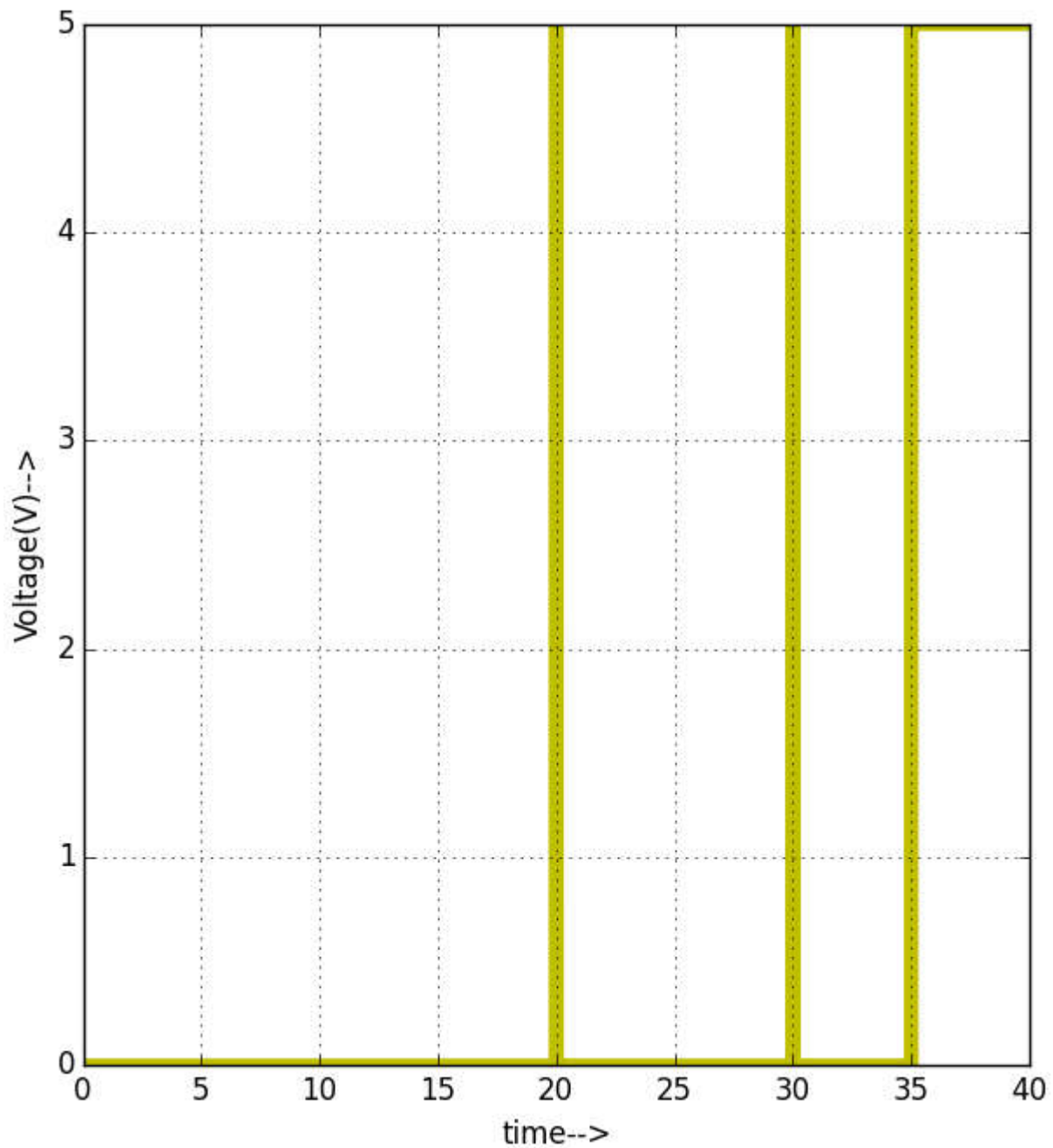
D5:



D6:



D7:



Conclusion:

Thus, we have studied the design of 3 x 8 decoder using 2 x 4 decoders using eSim and we get the appropriate waveforms.

References:

- <https://www.javatpoint.com/decoders>
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/digital_circuits/digital_circuits_decoders.htm