# Circuit Simulation Project 

https://esim.fossee.in/circuit-simulation-project

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Title of the circuit : DECIMAL TO BCD ENCODER

## Theory/Description :

The Decimal to BCD Converter is used to convert a decimal (Base-10) integer to a BCD (Binary-coded decimal). In computing and electronic systems, a binary-coded decimal (BCD) is a digital encoding method for decimal numbers in which each digit is represented by its own binary sequence.
The decimal to binary encoder usually consists of 10 input lines and 4 output lines. Each input line corresponds to the each decimal digit and 4 outputs correspond to the BCD code. This encoder accepts the decoded decimal data as an input and encodes it to the BCD output which is available on the output lines. The inputs represent the 10 decimal numbers from 0 to 9 , where only one input can be active. The outputs indicate the BCD code that represents the active input. Here we use OR gates to obtain derived logic from TRUTH TABLE as follows:


```
A3 = Y9 + Y8
A2 = Y7 + Y6 + Y5 +Y4
```

$$
A 1=Y 7+Y 6+Y 3+Y 2
$$

$$
\mathrm{A} 0=\mathrm{Y} 9+\mathrm{Y} 7+\mathrm{Y} 5+\mathrm{Y} 3+\mathrm{Y} 1
$$

## Circuit Diagram(s) :

The main circuit:


The subcircuit used:


Results (Input, Output waveforms and/or Multimeter readings) :
1.Ngspice plots:


Figure 3: input at 4rd pin of encoder


Figure 4: LSB of output(CO)


Figure 5 :2nd bit of BCD output(c1)


Figure 6: $3_{\text {rd }}$ bit of BCD output(c2)


Figure 7:MSB of output(a3)

## 2.Python Plots:



Figure 8: Input


Figure 9: 3rd bit of BCD output(c2)


Figure $10: 2$ nd bit of $B C D$ output(c1)


Figure 11: LSB of output(CO)


Figure 12 :MSB of output(a3)

## Source/Reference(s) :

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/encoder-in-digital-logic/
http://verticalhorizons.in/decimal-to-bcd-encoder-in-digital-electronics/

